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FEASIBILITY STUDY

INDICATORS OF DISABILITY EQUALITY IN EUROPE

An evaluative report on the feasibility of using existing data sources

November 2009

FOR

Academic Network of European Disability Experts

ANED

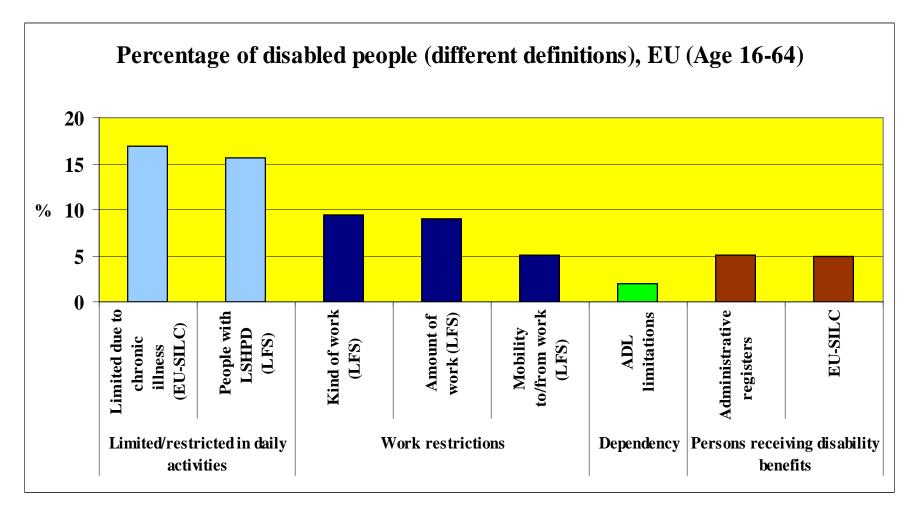
THEMES

INDICATORS OF DISABILITY EQUALITY IN EUROPE

- I. DISABILITY RATE / DEMOGRAPHICS
- II. PERSONAL AND FAMILY LIFE
- III. CHOICE AND CONTROL
- IV. ACCESS TO GOODS AND SERVICES
- V. EDUCATION AND LIFELONG LEARNING
- VI. WORK AND EMPLOYMENT
- VII. INCOMES AND POVERTY

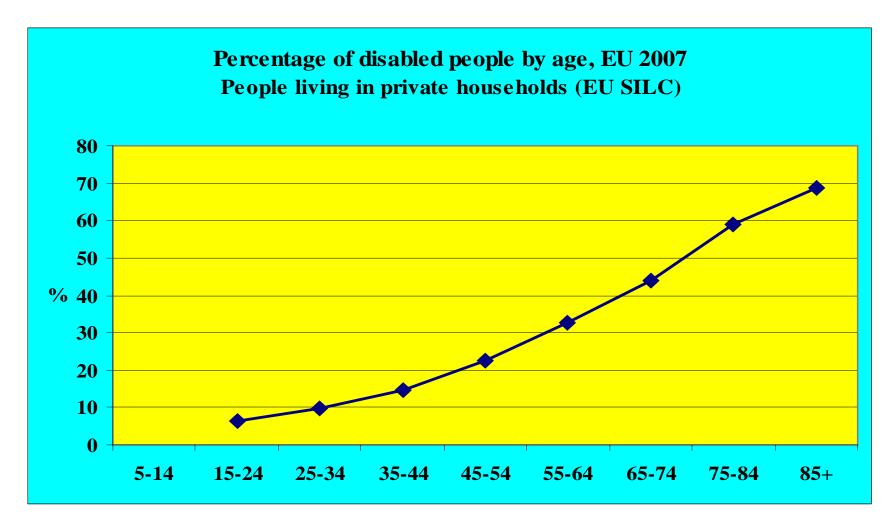
I. DISABILITY RATE / DEMOGRAPHICS (1/3)

Definition of disability



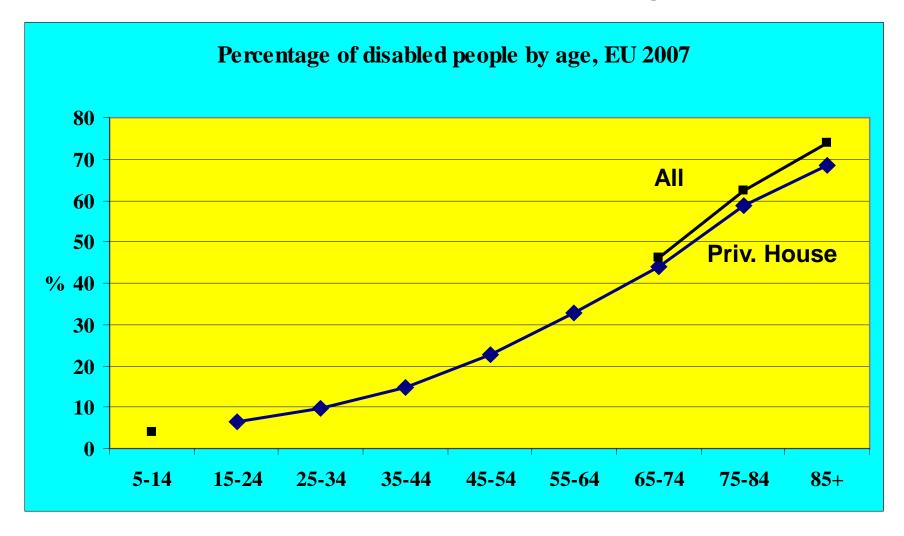
I. DISABILITY RATE / DEMOGRAPHICS (2/3)

Survey coverage: Private households / Age 15+



I. DISABILITY RATE / DEMOGRAPHICS (3/3)

Private households + Institutions; Age 5+



I. DISABILITY RATE / DEMOGRAPHICS

Comments

DEFINITION:

- Use the Minimum European Health Module (MEHM)
- Use the Convention as reference framework in the MT

CHILDREN:

Harmonise surveys covering children

INSTITUTIONS:

Harmonise national surveys covering institutions

II. PERSONNAL AND FAMILY LIFE

INDICATORS	SOURCE
1. Public think that being disabled tends to be a disadvantage 2. Public think that disability discrimination is widespread 3. Public think that disab. discrimination is more now than it was 4. Subjective well-being/happiness of disabled women and men 5. Time Use by Activity (work life balance) 6. Free Time Spent by Activity 7. Victims of violence/crime 8. Disabled women and men living alone 9. Living as a couple 10. Ever married 11. Social contacts and friendships 12. Public have friends or acquaintances who are disabled 13. Disabled women and men who are parents	EB EB EB EQLS HETUS/EQLS HETUS EHIS SILC SILC SILC ESS/EDSIM EB EQLS/EHIS
14. Women's fertility rates compared to general population	SILC (?)
15. Age at first child birth	?
PROPOSALS Insert disability MEHM into victimisation surveys.	

III. CHOICE AND CONTROL

	INDICATORS	SOURCE
_	ortion of disabled wo/men who live in private households portion of disabled people living in residential institutions	SILC Limited
3. Exp	enditure on social support for disabled people to live at home enditure on residential institutional provision for disabled	OECD OECD
5. Enou	ugh help with personal care and household activities ne care services for disabled people	EHIS/SHARE EUROSTAT
7. Peop	ole receiving personal/individual budgets for independent living and participation in general elections compared to	Limited EQLS/ESS
9. Acti	ve political participation oortion of disabled Parliamentarians	ESS Limited

PROPOSALS

Disability questions ought to be included in the:

- European Election Survey, and
- European Values Survey.

IV. ACCESS TO GOODS AND SERVICES

INDICATORS	SOURCE
1. How easy is it to use public transport?	EDSIM/EQLS
2. Household access to a private car	EDSIM/SILC
3. Proportion of level access accessible public buses/trains	Limited
4. How easy to get to local shops and services	EDSIM/EQLS
5. Travel to work (measure to select)	LFS 2011/HETUS
6. Key public websites meeting accessibility standards	MeAC
7. Key sectoral/commercial websites meet accessibility standards	MeAC
8. Regular Internet usage compared to general population	HETUS/EDSIM
9. Percentage national language subtitles from main public TV broadcasters	MeAC
10. National language subtitles from main commercial TV broadcasters	MeAC
11. Text access to main emergency telephone number	MeAC
12. Audio description of programmes from main public TV broadcasters	MeAC
13. Audio description of programmes from main commercial TV broadcasters	MeAC
14. proportion of talking ATMs provided by main banks	MeAC
15. Number of working sign language interpreters (e.g. per million popul.	WASLI
16. Signed programmes from main public TV broadcasters	MeAC
17. Signed programmes from main commercial TV broadcasters	MeAC
18. Access and use of Information and Communications Technologies (ICT)	ICT (?)
PROPOSALS	
Aggregate certain indicators 9-17	
Insert a question on disability in national travel/mobility surveys.	
We ought to insert the MEHM in ICT surveys.	

V. EDUCATION AND LIFELONG LEARNING

INDICATORS	SOURCE
1. Proportion of school-age disabled children attending mainstream schools	Min. Educ.
2. Disabled children of compulsory school age not enrolled in school	Min. Educ.
3. Pupils attending special schools	Min. Educ.
4. Educational attainment at school of disabled people	SILC
5. Early disabled school leavers	SILC
6. Degree/level qualification compared to general population	SILC
7. Disabled students in higher education	SILC
8. Highest level of qualification of disabled people	SILC
9. Participation rate in life-long learning of disabled people	SILC/EDSIM
10. Participation in government training scheme	LFS module
11. Transition from school to work of young disabled	SILC

Sources

- Eurybase (the information database on education systems in Europe),
- EADSNE (European Agency for development of special need in education);
- UNICEF, OECD, and National Ministries of Education.

Proposals

Harmonise administrative classifications concerning the type of disability / special education need. Introduce disability questions (MEHM) in the AES survey.

VI. WORK AND EMPLOYMENT

INDICATORS	SOURCE
1. Public in favour of specific measures for equal opportunities in employment 2. Needs/uses personal assistance at work 3. Needs/uses special equipment at work 4. Needs/uses special working arrangements at work 5. Employment rate of disabled women and men compared to general population 6. Unemployment rate of disabled women and men compared to general population 7. Activity rate of disabled women and men compared to general population 8. Inactivity rate of disabled women and men compared to general population 9. Full-time / part-time working 10. Disabled working age people in work who would like to work more hours 11. Self-employed / employers 12. Senior managers, company directors, professionals 13. Type of contract (temporary / permanent) 14. Disabled people living in jobless households compared to general population 15. Long-term unemployment 16. Ever had paid work 17. Proportion disabled women and men who are low paid	EB/ISSP EDSIM/LFS EDSIM/LFS EDSIM/LFS SILC/LFS
Comments: Several surveys provide similar information (SILC, EQLS,). Barriers: EDSIM, LFS 2011 ad hoc module	

VII. INCOMES AND POVERTY

INDICATORS	SOURCE
1. Households living in relative poverty by gender and age	SILC
2. Household income (with/without one or more disabled members)	SILC
3. Household savings/debt	SILC/SHARE
4. Risk/rate of poverty (before/after social transfers)	SILC
5. Sources of household income (e.g. wages, state benefits,)	SILC
6. Satisfaction with standard of housing (accommodation meets needs)	EQLS
7. Disabled people living in inadequate housing	SILC/EQLS
8. Housing tenure (e.g. public/private rented, owner occupation)	SILC/EQLS
9. Expenditure on disability-related cash benefits	EUROSTAT

CONCLUSIONS (1/2)

DEFINITION

- Take into account Contextual factors (e.g. EDSIM identifies barriers)
- Establish bridges between surveys and registers

INSERT DISABILITY QUESTIONS IN THE NEXT ROUND OF:

- 1. Adult Education Survey (AES),
- 2. Labour Force Survey (annual LFS),
- 3. Information and Communication Technologies (ICT survey),
- 4. European Victimisation Survey (EVS) focussing on violence and victims,
- 5. Special surveys focussing on an ageing society,
- 6. National Travel/Mobility Surveys (NTS),
- 7. European Values Survey (EVS),
- 8. European Elections Survey (EES).

CONCLUSIONS (2/2)

GOALS

■ In the short term: Use the Minimum European Health Module (MEHM)

■ In the medium term: The UN Convention could be the reference framework

■ In the long run: Type of disability and related barriers

MAKE A DISTINCTION BETWEEN

- Needs
- Services used
- Gap between supply and demand

DYNAMIC INDICATORS

- Transition from school to work,
- Deteriorating and improving disability status,
- Channels to marginalisation and precariousness.

INFORMATION

Facilitate access to survey microdata.